

## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Previously presented) A method of converting application data to transport data in a power line communication system, the method comprising:
  - receiving application data from an application in a device through a service access point;
  - classifying the application data as internet protocol (IP) based or non-IP based according to the associated service access point;
  - determining if a connection exists for the application data in response to the classification of the application data;
  - if a connection exists for the application data, mapping the application data into transport data; and
  - transmitting the transport data across the power line communication system.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, the method comprising automatically establishing a connection if none exists, comprising:
  - generating a connection specification based upon the application data and the service access point; and
  - establishing a connection based upon the connection specification; and
  - mapping the application data into transport data for that connection.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein receiving application data from an application further comprises receiving connection-oriented application data from the application.
4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein receiving application data further comprises:
  - receiving connectionless application data from the application; and
  - mapping the connectionless application data into transport data for a power line communication system connection;
  - wherein the power line communication system is connection-oriented.

5. (Cancelled)

6. (Original) A method of transmitting data on a network, the method comprising:  
receiving an incoming data packet from an application on a device at one of a plurality of service access points;  
classifying the data packet according to the service access point and at least one rule,  
causing the packet to be associated with a connection;  
routing the packet to the connection; and  
transmitting the data.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, the method comprising fragmenting the packet into smaller packets as needed based upon the packet size.

8. (Original) The method of claim 6, the method comprising fragmenting the packet into smaller packets as needed depending upon the bandwidth of the connection.

9. (Original) The method of claim 6, classifying the data packet further comprising determining if a connection exists for the packet, and requesting a connection if a connection does not exist.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6, classifying the data packet further comprising analyzing a set of parameters of the data packet to determine if the parameters match those of a rule, and if the parameters do match, associating the data packet with a connection identified by a connection identifier in the rule.

11. (Currently Amended) A method of classifying data packets in a communication system, the method comprising:  
analyzing a set of parameters in an incoming data packet, wherein the set of parameters analyzed depends upon a type of service access point from which the data packet came;

if the set of parameters in the data packet match a predefined set of parameters associated with a connection identifier, associating ~~[[a]]~~ the connection identifier for the predefined set of parameters with the packet.

12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising analyzing the data packet according to a plurality of sets of parameters, each set of parameters including a priority;

wherein the sets of parameters are used in analyzing the data packet in order of priority.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, the method comprising transmitting the set of parameters to a connection manager if the set of parameters do not match a predefined set of parameters.

14. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
accessing a classification table for a mapping of the service access point to a connection identifier; and  
providing a connection associated with the connection identifier as the connection.

15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
accessing a classification table for a mapping of the service access point and at least one of an IP address, a port number, and a type of service field to the connection identifier; and  
providing a connection associated with the connection identifier as the connection.

16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, further comprising:  
accessing the classification table for a mapping of the service access point, an IP address, and a port number to the connection identifier.

17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
comparing the application data with at least one classifier rule for a match; and  
providing a connection associated with a matching classifier rule as the connection.

18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, further comprising:  
comparing the application data only with classifier rules associated with the service  
access point.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein for application data that  
is audio/visual application data:  
comparing the application data to only at least one destination address within the at least  
one classifier rule.

20. (New) The method of claim 6, wherein:  
the plurality of service access points provide interfaces to a first protocol layer;  
the classifying of the data packet occurs in the first protocol layer;  
the connection is a connection starting at an interface between the first protocol layer and  
a second protocol layer; and  
the second protocol layer is a lower level protocol layer.